The Daily Gazetteer.

Numb. 187

Monday, February 2. 1736.

No. 187.

IT was the wise * *Answer* of the famous *Lycurgus*, who instituted the long-lasting Government of *Sparta*, to *One* who adviſed him to ſet up a *Democracy* in that City; *Try it firſt*, Sir, *in your own Houſe*. This *Saying*, as it contained good Senſe at the Time it was firſt ſpoken, ſo certainly remains a very excellent Rule at this Day. Of thoſe, who contend for a licentious Right of libelling their *Superiors*, would but conſider the Conſequences of allowing the ſame *Privilege* to their *Servants* and *Dependants*, I think, I may affirm, they would alter their Minds. If a Gentleman's *Butler* ſhould diſpute bringing another *Bottle*, quote Sir *William Temple*'s Rule, which allows but *three* Glaſſes, and inſiſt that the Company had therefore enough. If the *Cook* ſhould refuſe to dreſs *Supper* after *Six* o'Clock, becauſe being late is thought unwholeſome; or the *Footman* diſlike at going out in a miſty Day: What high Diſturbance would ſuch Proceedings create? And yet it is evident, that each of theſe Perſons would talk more reaſonably, and deſerve to be heard with more Patience, than moſt of the *Political Declaimers* in our Times. And if the eſtabliſhed *Rules* of *Subſerviency* are ſo very neceſſary to the Peace and good Government of *Families*, that the *Caſes* before ſtated would be *Grievances* not to be endured; of how much greater Conſequence is the *Publick Peace?* and how great a *Soleciſm* is it, to pretend, that every Man is to be *abſolute* in his *Houſe*, and not only ſo, but alſo have a *Power* veſted in *Him*, and even in his *Servants*, to queſtion and controul the *Proceedings* of their *Prince*, while in the State there is no Subordinancy at all? All aggregate Bodies are made up of Parts; and the conſtituent Parts of a *Political Society*, let its *Form* of *Government* be what it will, are *Families*; each of theſe is a *little Society* in itſelf: And 'tis eaſy to judge, by the Behaviour of *Men* in their *Families*, and to their Neighbours, whether they are capable of ſerving the *Society* in any *publick Character*. I might illuſtrate this Obſervation by a great Variety of Examples; but I chooſe to inſiſt only on one. If a Man in *private Life* be known for a *Tale-bearer* and a *Detractor*, for a *Carrier* of little *Stories*, and a *Blabber* of *private Converſation*, will he ever be thought *worthy* of *Truſt*, or *deſerving* of *Eſteem?* The Voice of the World ſays no. Let us then carry theſe Qualities into *Publick Life*, and ſee what Figure they will make there. If we ſuppoſe a *Perſon* depreciating the *Abilities*, and denying the *Honeſty* of *One* whom he formerly allowed to be an *able* and an *honeſt Man*; If we ſhould hear the ſame *Perſon* ripping up Charges that were made upon that *Man twenty* or *five* and *twenty* Years ago, and againſt which that *Perſon* then *defended* him, with ſolemn Aſſeverations that he now believes them to be true; If this *Perſon* ſhould repreſent the *Man* with whom he is angry, as *One* equally falſe to his *King* and his *Country*, and alledge in *Proof* nothing but *Expreſſions* vouched by *himſelf* to have paſſed between that *Man* and *him* in *private Converſation*; ought we to ſtyle this Perſon a *Patriot?* Or, if we ſaw him aſſociate himſelf with the *Enemies* of his *Country*, and of the *Miniſter* at whom he pointed; ſhould we think that he did this out of *Conſcience* rather than *Pique?* No Man, whoſe Eyes are *open*, and whoſe *Heart* is *unbiaſſed*, will pretend to ſay we *ſhould*. Yet this is certainly the Caſe of our preſent *Malecontents*, whoſe *Chief*, like *Lucifer*, *fell* through *Pride*, and has ſince *roſe* through *Malice*, and making uſe of that common Diſlike which all the *Foes* to our *Conſtitution* had towards *him*, who has for many Years employed his utmoſt Endeavours to defend it, united by Degrees their diſcordant Inclinations, and, by the Tie of mutual Hatred, joined all our *ſubordinate Parties* in that *League*, which he has ſince dignified with the Title of the Coalition.

In order to diſcover the true Intentions of the *Parties* comprehended in this *League*, and to have a proper Key to the Language, which in publick *Places*, and on publick *Occaſions*, they make uſe of, it will be neceſſary to give a ſhort Account of *who they were*, and what *were their Principles* before they entered into this *Alliance*. The firſt then in Order of Time are the Jacobites, who are open *Enemies* to our *Conſtitution*, as it has been ſettled ſince the glorious Revolution: The Point they have in View, is the reſtoring the *Pretender*, and reducing all Things to their *old State*, that is, to the State they ſtood in before the Year 1688. Theſe Men have no regard to the *King*, as their *Sovereign*; look on all who differ from them in Opinion, as *Rebels*; and long to behold that *Scene* of *Confuſion* which muſt precede their *Triumphs*. The Tories are for extending the King's *Prerogative* to an unreaſonable Degree; and in return for that, they modeſtly deſire that the *Exerciſe* of it may be ſolely entruſted to *them*; on theſe Terms they were willing to ſerve *any Prince*; and on other Terms they will ſerve *none*: In a word, when in *Power*, they uſe the *Prerogative* as a *Sword*, to maintain it; and when *out*, they hold up the *Laws* as a *Buckler*, while they make uſe of every *Art* to *procure* it. The *diſcontented* Whigs, are Men who have perverted the *beſt Principles* to the *worſt Uſe*; who, becauſe they cannot ſatisfy their *Ambition*, are reſolved to fulfil their *Rage*, and to practiſe ſuch things againſt the *beſt* of *Princes*, as would ſcarce be lawful in *Oppoſition* to the *worſt*. They are angry with *Monarchy*, becauſe they cannot engroſs the *Monarch*; they would *change* the *Conſtitution*, becauſe, without ſuch a *Mutation*, they deſpair of arriving at *Power*; and they are for doing this, by *aggrandizing* the *People*, in hopes that the *People*, out of *Gratitude*, will *aggrandize them*. Such is the *threefold Cord* of the Coalition.

As *Cerberus* had *three* Heads, no doubt he did not bark always in one *Tone*. Whoever obſerves the *Barkings* of the *Craftſman*, will eaſily diſcern out of which *Head* of our *political Cerberus* the Noiſe proceeds: If he hears our *ancient* Conſtitution commended, the *Revolution* decryed, and a new *Revolution* adviſed, he will naturally cry, *there ſpoke the* Jacobite. If he obſerves a certain *Haughtineſs* of *Style*, a Proneneſs to *calling Names*, and an *Impatience* of *Contradiction*, he will immediately declare, that Paper flowed from a Tory: But if every *Period* ring with *Liberty*; if every *Prince* be repreſented as a *Claudius* or a *Nero*; if every *Miniſter* wear the Habit of a *Sejanus* or a *Wolſey*, it will be out of his Power to look upon ſuch a *Performance* in any other *Light* than as the *Ravings* of a *diſcontented* Whig.

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* Reported by Plutarch in his Laconick Apophthegms, under the Title of Lycurgus.

Yeſterday arrived a Mail from France, *and another from* Flanders.

Conſtantinople, December 24.

LAST Thurſday we had News by an Expreſs, that 60,000 Muſcovites were enter'd into Crim Tartary, with a great Train of Artillery, and had not only put a great many People to the Sword, but ravag'd the whole Country which is dependent on the Porte. This News gave ſuch an Alarm at firſt, that we were juſt going to fit out a Squadron, and to ſend 30,000 Men thither from Romelia, beſides 3000 Janiſaries and 4000 other Soldiers; but we were inform'd by another Expreſs, that the Incurſion made by thoſe Troops was only a Repriſal for the Incurſion of the Tartars into the Territories of the Czarina, and the ſeveral Diſorders they there committed. 'Tis thought however, that this Affair will not be attended with any Conſequence, becauſe the Prime Vizier having complain'd of thoſe Hoſtilities to the Ruſſian Ambaſſador, was anſwered, that he had no manner of Notice of it, and that he would write about it to his Court. There was a Number of Perſons here who would have been glad of this Opportunity to ruin this new Miniſter, and to turn him out of his Poſt; but as he ſaw it in time, he cauſed ſeveral of the Faction to be beheaded, and many others to be baniſhed; by which Means this City is again reſtored to its former Tranquility. In ſhort, the Populace here wiſh for a War with the Muſcovites and a Peace with the Perſians, and 'twas to ſatisfy them, that the Preliminary Articles were publiſh'd, tho' 'tis affirm'd from other Quarters, that Thamas Kouli Kan is not at all diſpoſed to an Accommodation.

Venice, Jan. 21. Our Letters from Conſtantinople ſay, there are great Broils there on account of the Affairs of Perſia, and that all Hopes of a Peace with Kouli Kan the Perſian General, are vaniſhed.

Warſaw, Jan. 19. They write from the Eaſt, that there has been a great Tumult at Stambouli, during which the Grand Vizier and ſeveral Great Men were beheaded.

Leghorn, Jan. 13. A Fire happen'd lately in the Duke de Montemar's Stables, which were ſoon reduced to Aſhes, and ſeveral of the Horſes burnt. —— The Letters from Spain ſay, that the Differences betwixt their Catholick and Portugueſe Majeſties were amicably determin'd; but they don't tell us the Particulars.

Lisbon, January 11. Our Differences with Spain are no longer the Subject of Converſation, the Troops being retired into their Winter Quarters, and the General Officers being returned to Town; and 'tis two to one whether the Troops will be ſent thither again in the Spring; for the firſt Motions that ruffled the two Courts being deaden'd, 'tis reckon'd they will be very glad on both Sides to refer the Affair to the Congreſs. The greateſt Difficulty that remains to be got over is, which of the two Courts will be the firſt to condeſcend to diſcharge the Domeſticks of the reſpective Miniſters out of Confinement.

Hamburgh, Feb. 3. They write from Warſaw, that the Turks are marching above 50,000 Men towards Aſoph with all Diligence, and that the Ottoman Porte have ſent Orders to the Kan of the Tartars to aſſemble all his Troops forthwith to join their's.

Manheim, Feb. 2. The Chace which the Elector Palatine had prepared for the Diverſion of the Prince of Saltzbach, did not begin till the 27th ult. when the Signal being given by the Trumpets and Kettle-drums, a great Number of wild Boars, Wolves, Foxes, and Hares, was turned out into a Place prepared for that Purpoſe. The Prince of Saltzbach ſhot ſeveral Boars, and ſtout Dogs were ſet upon the Wolves, whereof they made a great Slaughter. The Foxes and the Hares were chiefly the Sport and Prey of the Ladies. At Night there was a magnificent Supper at Court, and a Ball that held till next Morning.

General Keith, by Birth a Scotſman, arrived lately at Strasburg, and ſet out not long after for Paris, with his Brother. They are both going into the Service of France, and they have another Brother who is in the Service of the Crown of Spain.

Herborn, Feb. 2. On the 25th ult. we had an extraordinary Sight here, which may be ſaid to be a very advantageous Proof of the Pureneſs of the Air that we breathe in this Country: Five Burghers of this City, with their Wives, went in Proceſſion that Day to the great Church, followed by a long Train of Children, Grandchildren, and Great-grandchildren, and there, with the uſually Ceremonies, celebrated the 50th Year of their Marriage. This five Couple, adding their Years together, could make 738. Prince Chriſtian of Naſſau, our moſt Serene Sovereign, came hither from his Reſidence at Dillenburg, to honour the Ceremony with his Preſence, and after it was ended, he regaled the old Men and their Wives, together with their Friends, with a grand Repaſt at the Town-houſe.

N. B. This City lies in the County of Naſſau, which borders on the Palatinate, and is but 3 Miles below Dillenburg. Its chief Trade conſiſts in Cotton and Woollen Cloth, and there is a Caſtle in the Town, with a handſome Library, well furniſhed with printed Books in all Faculties; but the City is of moſt Note for its Univerſity, which was endowed with the Revenues of Monaſteries at the Reformation, and is famed for the Education of the great John Piſcator, Matthias Martinius, George Paſor, and ſeveral other learned Men.

Paris, Feb. 8. The Count de Stainville, Envoy of the Duke of Lorain, will go in a few Days to Verſailles, to notify in Form the Marriage of the Archdutcheſs, and is making great Preparations for a Feaſt that he is to give next Sunday (which is the Wedding Day) to which he has invited all the Cardinals here, as well as to the King's, and all the foreign Miniſters, and to the chief Nobility both of the Court and City; but there will be no Ball, becauſe he has not invited the Ladies. There are to be 100 Gueſts; and as he has no Room in his Houſe large enough to feaſt them, he will take in great Part of his Garden for that Purpoſe. The Count de Nagent, one of the King's Lieutenant Generals, has lately married for his ſecond Wife, the Daughter

Daughter of the Bashaw of Newhausel in Hungary, who was brought to France after the taking of that Place, by the late Duke of Lauzun, and educated by his former Lady.

Hague, Feb. 7. Some Days ago Complaints came from the States of Guelderland, that certain Prussian Officers had a-new, by Force, listed and carried off some Men from that Province: Upon which Complaints the States General first sent for an exact Information of the Matters of Fact, which having been transmitted to them, their High Mightinesses passed a Resolution on the 5th Instant, to order M. de Ginkel, their Minister at the Court of Berlin, to complain of this violent Proceeding towards their Subjects, and to demand Satisfaction. Which Resolution, together with the said Information, was dispatched to him this Morning, and likewise delivered to M. Luiscius, the Prussian Minister here. The States of Holland separated on Saturday last, after having settled some Matters relating to the Dikes of Gorcom and Schoonhoven, to prevent the frequent Inundations there. Count Uhlefeld returned hither from Brussels on Friday Night last, and is preparing to give a splendid Dinner to all the Publick Ministers and other Persons of Consideration, on Monday next, on Occasion of the Marriage between the Archdutchess and the Duke of Lorain.

LONDON.

Yesterday the Rev. Dr. Biscow preach'd before their Majesties, &c. at St. James's Chapel, and the Duke of Athol carried the Sword of State to and from Chapel.

The same Day the Reverend Dr. Greenwood preach'd before the Duke of Cumberland and the two youngest Princesses.

His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales has appointed Ferdinando Wallis, of Sheviock in the County of Cornwall, to be Sheriff of the said County.

Last Week the Rev. Mr. Thomas Walker, M. A. was instituted to the Vicarage of Bungay in the County of Suffolk, void by the Resignation of the Rev. Mr. Thomas Wilson.

This being Candlemas Day, the Knights Companions of the most Noble Order of the Garter, Thistle, and Bath, will appear at Court in the Collars of their respective Orders.

Last Saturday a Man was committed to Newgate by Justice Deveil, for stealing one of the Escutcheons from the open Chariot in which was the Body of his Grace the Duke of Buckinghamshire, as the Procession passed through Pall-mall.

To-morrow comes on the Election of Governors, and on Thursday that of Directors of the South Sea Company. After several Meetings of the Proprietors, to consider of proper Persons to be put in Nomination, it has been unanimously agreed to nominate

Peter Burrel, Esq; for Sub-Governor.

For Directors,

Joshua Baker, Esq;	*Roger Mainwaring, Esq;*
George Jennings, Esq;	*Thomas Thomas, Esq;*
Sir John Lade, Bart.	*Robert Wood, L. L. D.*
James Lambe, Esq;	

So that the Contest will lie between the following Gentlemen; the one List agreed upon at the Crown Tavern, and the other at the Fleece.

Crown List.	Fleece List.
For Deputy-Governor,	For Deputy-Governor,
John Bristow, Esq;	*Francis Wilks, Esq;*
For Directors,	For Directors,
Joseph Beachcroft, Esq;	*John Caswell, Esq;*
Thomas Cowslad, Esq;	*Samuel Collit, Esq;*
Jonathan Collyer, Esq;	* *Richard Coope, Esq;*
John Edwards, Esq;	*William Corbett, Esq;*
Joseph Fawthorp, Esq;	*Theophilus Dillingham, Esq;*
John Fullerton, Esq;	*Joseph Gulston, jun. Esq;*
Henry Gualtier, Esq;	* *Robert Henley, Esq;*
John Hamilton, Esq;	*Benjamin James, jun. Esq;*
Edward Haistwell, Esq;	*Michael Impey, Esq;*
Richard Howard, Esq;	*Capt. Reginald Kemeys, Esq;*
Richard Jackson, Esq;	*James Lambourne, Esq;*
Robert Lovick, Esq;	*John Laroche, Esq;*
Henry Muilman, Esq;	*Henry Lloyd, Esq;*
John Philipson, Esq;	*John Peachy, Esq;*
Mr. Joseph Adams,	*Capt. Richard Pinnel, Esq;*
Mr. Richard Hatton,	*William Rider, Esq;*
Sydenham Malthus, Esq;	* *John South, Esq;*
Mr. James Molinier,	*John Smith, Esq;*
Mr. Nathaniel Paice,	*Thomas Thorpe, Esq;*
Mr. Samuel Smith,	*Thomas Turner, Esq;*
Bennet Swayne, Esq;	* *Lewis Way, Esq;*
John Thompson, jun. Esq;	*William Wilkins, Esq;*
Mr. Walter Vane.	*John Yeomans, Esq;*

Of this List all but the nine last are in the present Direction.

Of this List those mark'd *, are in the present Direction.

Orders have been sent from the Admiralty Office to Sir John Norris at Lisbon, to send home 8 Ships of his Squadron.

This Week his Excellency Count Kinski, the Imperial Minister at this Court, will give a grand Entertainment at his House in Hanover-Square, to the Ministers of State and Foreign Ministers.

Saturday Bank Stock was 148. India 169. South Sea 95 to 1-4th. Old Annuity 109 5-8ths for the Opening. New ditto, 108 3-8ths. Three per Cent. 100 3-4ths. Emperor's Loan 110 1-4th. Royal-Assurance 101 to 1-4th. London-Assurance 13 1-half to 5-8ths. York Buildings 2. African 14. India Bonds 5l. 15s. to 16s. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 4l. 13s. Prem. South Sea Bonds 5l. 3s. Prem. New Bank Circulation 6l. Prem. Salt Tallies 3 3-4ths to 4 3-4ths Prem. English Copper 2l. 3s. Welsh ditto, Books shut. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 4 1-4th per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 111 1-half.

This Day is Published,

A View of Popery, taken from the Creed of Pope Pius IV. Containing an Answer to the most material Things contained in the *Profession of Catholick Faith*, &c. now in Use for the Reception of Converts into the *Church of Rome*. With an Appendix relating to Indulgences for Sins to come; particularly a Pardon for 26000 Years and 26 Days; and a License granted to the Kings and Queens of France to break their solemn Oaths and Vows.

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A new Piece of *Frugality* among Men of Quality, in *keeping* their *Mistresses* in their own *Dwelling-Houses*.

More *Wines* and *Viands* expended in the City of *London* and County of *Middlesex*, than in the Sixteen United Provinces of *Holland*.

The *Beggars* of the several Parishes within the City and Suburbs of *London*, proved to eat more *white Bread* than the whole Kingdom of *Scotland*.

The proud, insolent, and extravagant Humours of *Parish Officers*, *petty Clerks* in the Offices, *Gentlemen's Gentlemen*, *Petty-Foggers*, *Led Captains*, and *Runners* in Men of Qualities *Kitchens*, *Dancing-Masters*, *Gamesters*, &c. exposed.

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